Ma

KEY STAGE

TIER **3–5**

Paper 1 Calculator not allowed

Mathematics test

First name	
Last name	
School	

Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You must not use a calculator for any question in this test.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler, tracing paper and mirror (optional).
- This test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all the questions.
- Write all your answers and working on the test paper do not use any rough paper. Marks may be awarded for working.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

TOTAL MARKS https://www.SATs-Papers.co.uk

For marker's use only

Instructions

Answers

This means write down your answer or show your working

and write down your answer.

Calculators



You **must not** use a calculator to answer any question in this test.

1. Look at these symbols.



Choose two of the symbols to make a correct calculation.



Now choose two of the symbols to make a **different** correct calculation.



1 mark

1 mark

2. Look at the table.

Type of rhino	Wild population	Captive population
Black rhino (B)	3100	250
White rhino (W)	11670	780
African rhino (A)	14770	1030
Indian rhino (I)	2400	140
Javan rhino (J)	60	0

Use the information to answer these questions.

(a) Which type of rhino is most common in the **wild population**?

(b) How many more Black rhinos than Indian rhinos are there in the captive population?

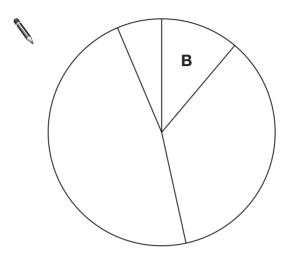
4



(c) The pie chart below shows the **captive population**.

Write the missing letters on the pie chart.

One is done for you.



1 mark

(d) One type of rhino is not on the pie chart.

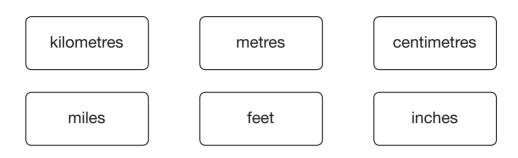
Explain why.

Ø

1 mark

1 mark

3. Here are six different units of length.



Write the two units that best complete the sentences below.

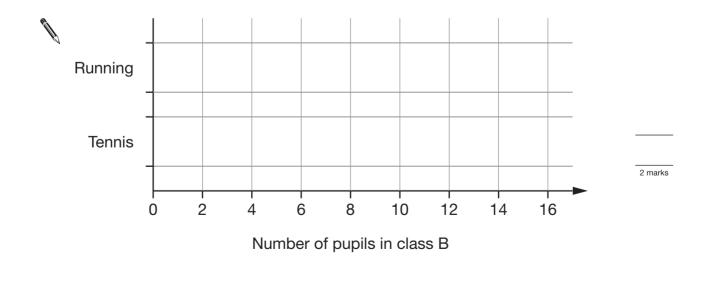
A girl is 12 years old.	
Her height is about 1.5	
Her height is about 5	

 The bar chart shows the number of pupils in class A who go to running club and tennis club.

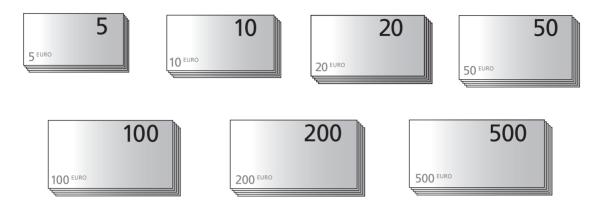


In class B:
Twice as many pupils go to running club as in class A.
Half as many pupils go to tennis club as in class A.

Complete the bar chart to show this information for class **B**.

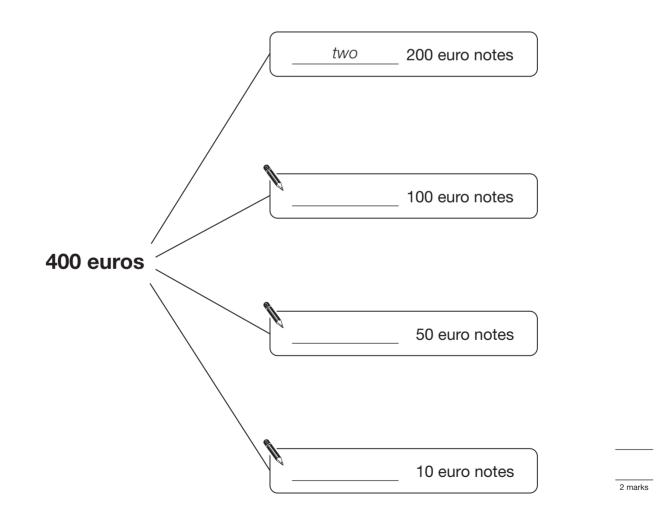


5. Countries that use euros have these notes.



(a) Show different ways of paying **400** euros.

The first way is done for you.



(b) A woman has **four notes**.

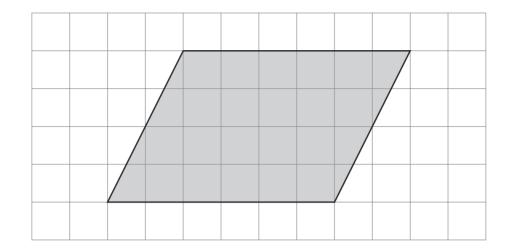
The notes total **one thousand** euros.

What notes does she have?

Write the value of each one.

N.	 euros
	 euros
	 euros
	 euros

6. Look at the shaded shape drawn on the square grid.



For each statement below, tick (\checkmark) True or False.

<pre></pre>		True	False	
4	The shape is a quadrilateral.			
	The shape is a square.			
	The shape has one line of symmetry.			
	The shape has no right angles.			2 marks

1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

7. People who have been married for many years have special anniversaries.

Number of years they have been married	Special anniversary
25 years	Silver
50 years	Golden
60 years	Diamond

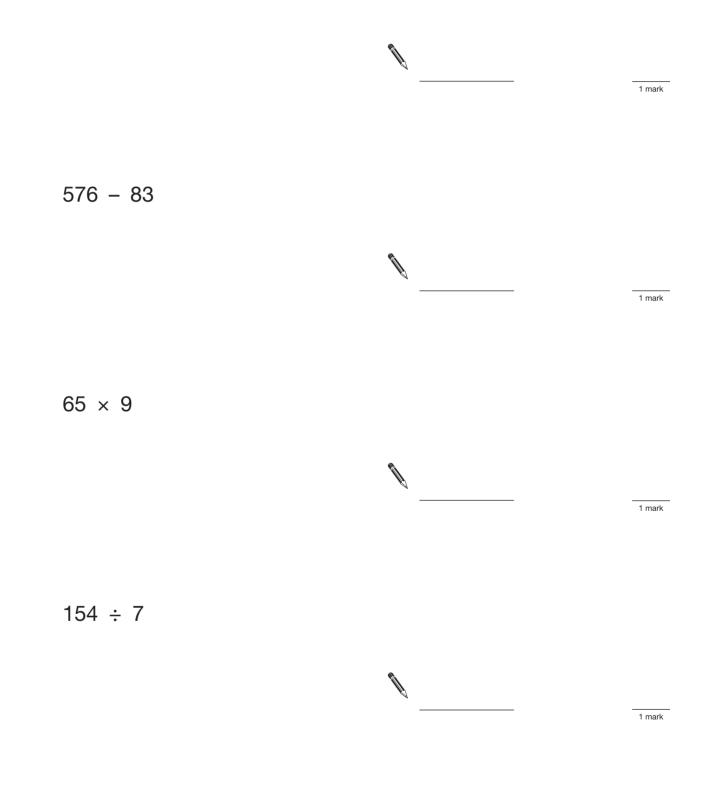
(a) Betty and Stan were married in 1952.In what year was their golden anniversary?

(b) Lyn and Chris had their silver anniversary in 1985.In what year were they married?

(c) Jean and Peter had their **diamond** anniversary in **1997**.In what year was their **golden** anniversary?







9. Here is a number line.

It can help you work out the answers to the calculations below. The first one is done for you.

$$-3 + 1 = \underline{-2}$$

$$-4 + 1 = \underline{\qquad}$$

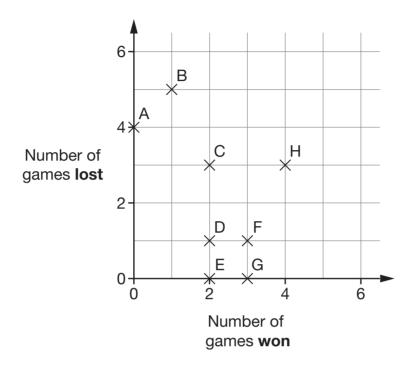
$$-2 + 5 = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$3 - 5 = \underline{\qquad}$$

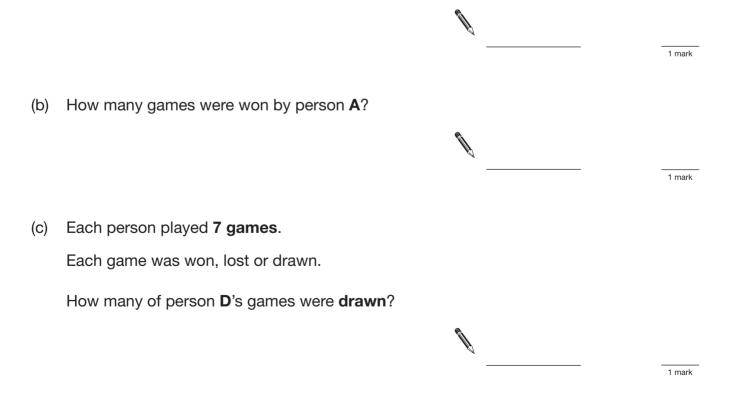
$$1 \text{ mark}$$

10. 8 people took part in a chess competition.

The diagram shows how many games each person won, and how many games each person lost.

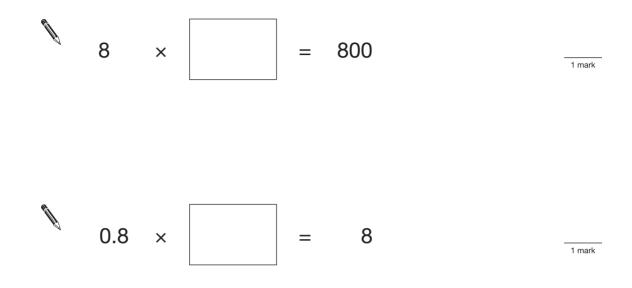


(a) Who won the most games? Write the person's letter.



14

11. Write the missing numbers in the boxes.

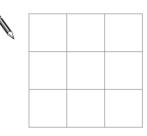


12. Look at the calculation below.Write the correct digits in the boxes.

2 marks

13. On the square grid below, some squares are shaded to make a pattern with exactly **4 lines** of symmetry.

 (a) On the square grid below, shade some squares to make a pattern with exactly 2 lines of symmetry.



(b) On the square grid below, shade some squares to make a pattern with exactly **1 line** of symmetry.

2		
1		

1 mark

14. (a) Henry thinks of a number between 1 and 20

He thinks of the number 12

ę,

For each question below, tick (\checkmark) Yes or No for Henry's number.

	Yes	No
Is it an even number?		
ls it a multiple of 3 ?		
ls it a factor of 18 ?		

1 mark

1 mark

(b) Ashraf also thinks of a number **between 1 and 20**

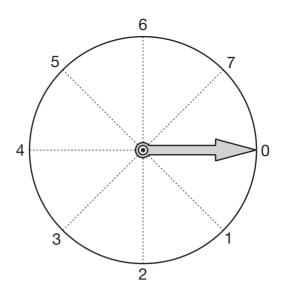
The table shows information about his number.

	Yes	No
Is it an even number?		\checkmark
Is it a multiple of 3 ?	\checkmark	
Is it a factor of 18 ?		\checkmark

What is Ashraf's number?

17

15. Look at the dial.



The pointer starts at 0 and turns **clockwise** around the centre.

(a) Which number does it point to after turning clockwise through **90**°?

(b) The pointer turns clockwise from **3 to 6**Through how many degrees does it turn?

16. The table shows the temperatures in 10 cities on a day in December.

City	Temperature in °C
Athens	18
Barcelona	16
Berlin	7
Brussels	8
Dublin	9
Geneva	6
Madrid	12
Moscow	2
Paris	6
Rome	19

(a) Which temperature was the **mode**?



1 mark

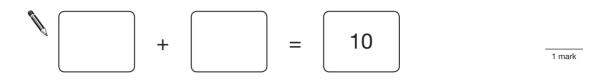
(b) In a different city, the temperature was 5°C lower than in Moscow.What was the temperature in this city?

Ø		
	°C	

17. Write two numbers that add to 10

One of the numbers must be **positive**.

The other number must be **negative**.



18. Work out the following.

 1.2×6

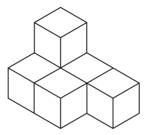
1 mark

1.2 ÷ 6



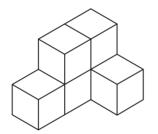
19. Each shape in this question is made from **six cubes**.

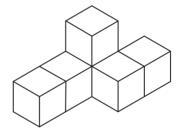
Look at this shape.

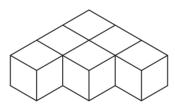


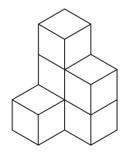
Which two of the diagrams below show the same shape?

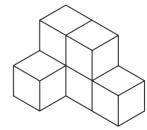
Tick (\checkmark) them both.









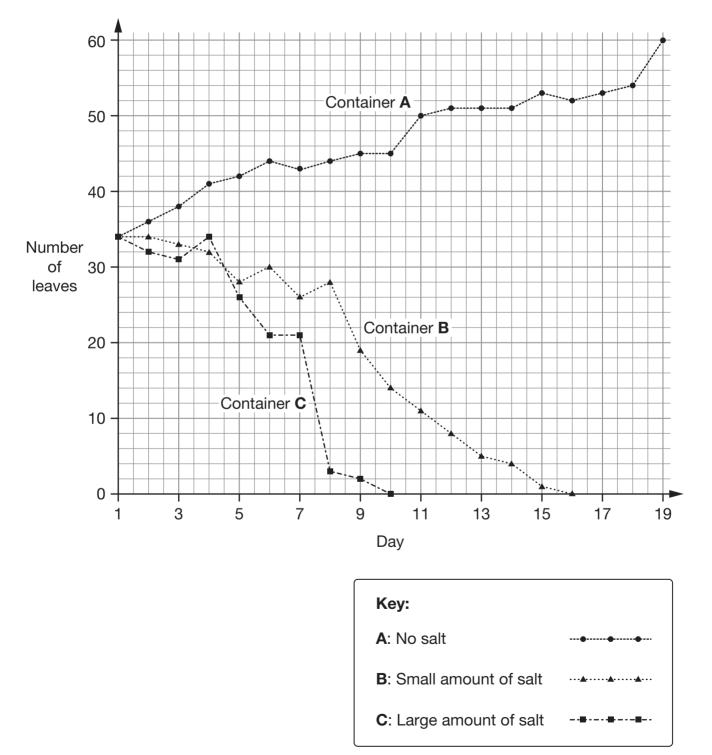


20. Duckweed is a plant that grows in water.

Pupils added different amounts of salt to three identical containers of water.

In each container they put some duckweed plants.

Then they recorded the number of leaves on the plants every day.



Results:

(a) How many leaves were in each container on day **1**?

(b) In container **A**, how many **more** leaves were there on day **19** than on day **1**?

(c) Duckweed plants with no leaves are dead.

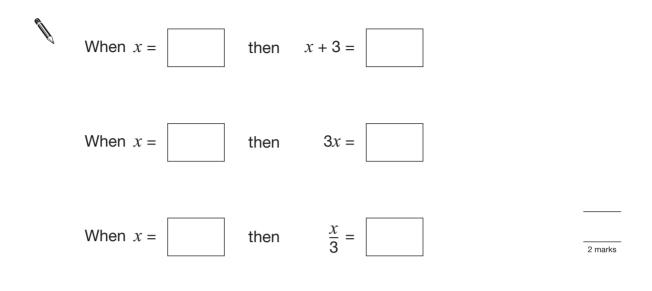
On which day did the pupils record that the plants in container **B** were dead?

- Day _____
- (d) How did the amount of salt affect the **change** in the number of leaves?

1 mark

1 mark

21. Write **numbers** in the boxes to make the statements true.



22. Boxes of tins are delivered to a shop.

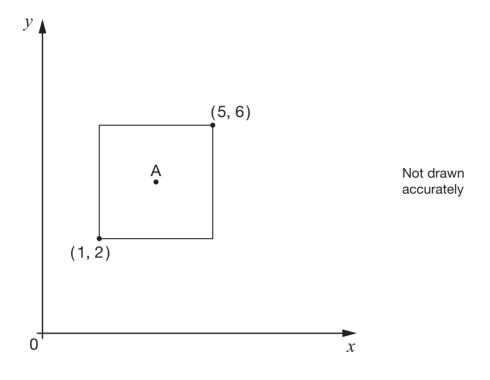
There are **37 boxes**.

Each box contains **25 tins**.

How many tins are there?

2 marks

23. Look at the square drawn on the graph.



Point A is the centre of the square.

What are the coordinates of point A?

Ø

A is (_____ , ____)

2 marks

24. (a) Write the correct numbers in the gaps below.

$$1 \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2 \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 7$$

$$3 \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 10\frac{1}{2}$$

$$4 \times 3\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$5 \times 3\frac{1}{2} =$$

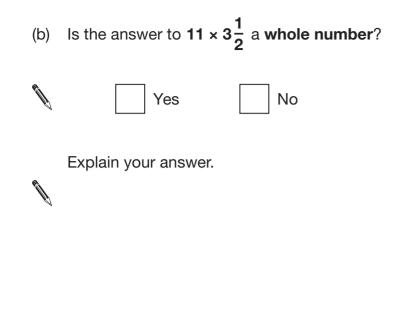
$$6 \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 21$$

1 mark

1 mark

Use the table to help you work out this calculation.

$$60 \times 3\frac{1}{2} =$$



1 mark

25. Find the values of *x*

5x - 3 = 12



1 mark

13 + 2x = 3



END OF TEST